

# FMPC 10: Chapter 9 Review

## Systems of Linear Equations

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Block: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Solve each system by graphing. Change each equation into  $y = mx + b$  if necessary.

a)  $y = -x + 5$   
 $y = 3x - 3$

Solution:  
 $(2, 3)$

or  $x = 2$   
 $y = 3$

b)  $x - y = 2$   $y = x - 2$   
 $3x + y = -14$   
 $y = -3x - 14$

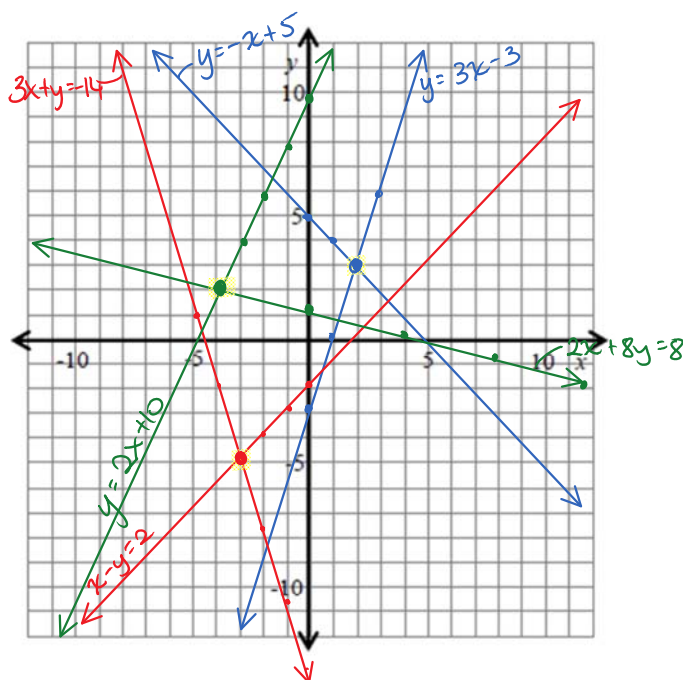
Solution  $(-3, -5)$

or  $x = -3$   
 $y = -5$

c)  $2x + 8y = 8$   $\frac{8}{8}y = -\frac{2}{8}x + \frac{8}{8}$   
 $y = 2x + 10$   $y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 1$

Solution:  
 $(-4, 2)$

or  $x = -4$   
 $y = 2$

2. For which of the given linear systems is  $(-2, 5)$  a solution? (hint: try to verify the solution for each system)

a)  $3x + y = 1$   
 $2x + 3y = 11$

$3(-2) + 5 = 1$   
 $-6 + 5 = 1$  ✗  
 $\therefore$  not a solution

b)  $5x - 3y = -5$   
 $3x + 2y = 4$

$5(-2) - 3(5) = -5$   
 $-10 - 15 = -5$  ✗  
 $\therefore$  not a solution

c)  $-5x - 3y = -5$   
 $3x + 2y = 4$

$-5(-2) - 3(5) = -5$   
 $10 - 15 = -5$  ✓  
 $3(-2) + 2(5) = 4$   
 $-6 + 10 = 4$  ✓  
 $\therefore (-2, 5)$  is a solution

d)  $15x + 4y = -10$   
 $25x - 6y = -80$

$15(-2) + 4(5) = -10$   
 $-30 + 20 = -10$  ✓  
 $25(-2) - 6(5) = -80$   
 $-50 - 30 = -80$  ✓  
 $\therefore (-2, 5)$  is a solution

3. Solve each system using the substitution method.

a)  $x + y = 9 \rightarrow y = 9 - x$   
 $2x + y = 11$

$$2x + (9 - x) = 11$$

$$x + 9 = 11$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = 9 - 2$$

$$y = 7$$

b)  $x - y = 7 \rightarrow x = 7 + y$   
 $2x + y = -10$

$$2(7 + y) + y = -10$$

$$14 + 2y + y = -10$$

$$14 + 3y = -10$$

$$3y = -24$$

$$y = -8$$

$$x = 7 + (-8)$$

$$x = -1$$

c)  $3x - 4y = -15$   
 $5x + y = -2 \rightarrow y = -5x - 2$

$$3x - 4(-5x - 2) = -15$$

$$3x + 20x + 8 = -15$$

$$23x = -23$$

$$x = -1$$

$$y = -5(-1) - 2$$

$$y = 5 - 2$$

$$y = 3$$

d)  $x + 5y = -11 \rightarrow x = -5y - 11$   
 $4x - 3y = 25$

$$4(-5y - 11) - 3y = 25$$

$$-20y - 44 - 3y = 25$$

$$-23y - 44 = 25$$

$$-23y = 69$$

$$y = -3$$

$$x = -5(-3) - 11$$

$$x = 15 - 11$$

$$x = 4$$

4. Solve each linear system by elimination method.

a)  $\begin{cases} 3x + 4y = 29 \\ 2x - 5y = -19 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 15x + 20y = 145 \\ 8x - 20y = -76 \end{cases}$

$$23x = 69$$

$$x = 3$$

$$3(3) + 4y = 29$$

$$9 + 4y = 29$$

$$4y = 20$$

$$y = 5$$

b)  $\begin{cases} 3x + 5y = 12 \\ 7x + 5y = 8 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 3x + 5y = 12 \\ -4x = 4 \end{cases}$

$$-4x = 4$$

$$x = -1$$

$$3(-1) + 5y = 12$$

$$-3 + 5y = 12$$

$$5y = 15$$

$$y = 3$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{c) } \begin{cases} 5x + 2y = 5 \\ 3x - 4y = -23 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 10x + 4y = 10 \\ + (3x - 4y = -23) \end{cases} \\ \hline 13x = -13 \\ x = -1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 5(-1) + 2y = 5 \\ -5 + 2y = 5 \\ 2y = 10 \\ y = 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{d) } \begin{cases} 3x - y = 5 \\ 2x + 3y = 10 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 9x - 3y = 15 \\ + (2x + 3y = 10) \end{cases} \\ \hline 11x = 25 \\ x = \frac{25}{11} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{3}{11} \left( \frac{25}{11} \right) - y = 5 \\ \frac{75}{11} - y = 5 \\ -y = \frac{55}{11} - \frac{75}{11} \\ -y = \frac{-20}{11} \\ y = \frac{20}{11} \end{array}$$

5. a) Four pens cost 70 cents more than five pencils. Together, one pen and one pencil cost \$1.30. Find the cost of each pen and each pencil.

Let  $x$  = Cost of a pen  
 $y$  = Cost of a pencil

$$x + y = 1.30 \rightarrow y = 1.30 - x$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 4x = 5y + 0.70 \\ 4x = 5(1.30 - x) + 0.70 \\ 4x = 6.50 - 5x + 0.70 \\ \begin{array}{r} +5x \\ \hline 9x = 7.20 \\ x = 0.80 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y = 1.30 - 0.80 \\ y = 0.50 \end{array}$$

The pens each cost \$0.80 and  
the pencils each cost \$0.50

- b) The length of a rectangle is five less than three times its width. If the perimeter is 38 inches, find the rectangle's dimensions.

Let  $x$  = length  
 $y$  = width

$$x = 3y - 5$$

$$2x + 2y = 38$$

$$2(3y - 5) + 2y = 38$$

$$6y - 10 + 2y = 38$$

$$8y = 48$$

$$y = 6$$

$$x = 3(6) - 5$$

$$x = 18 - 5$$

$$x = 13$$

The length is 13 inches,  
and the width is 6 inches.

- c) Zachary invested part of his \$12,500 into World Oil, which paid 8% interest. He invested the other part into Sask Power, which paid 3%. If he made \$850 total, how much was invested into each fund?

let  $x$  = amount in World Oil  
 $y$  = amount in Sask Power

$$x + y = 12,500 \rightarrow y = 12,500 - x$$

$$0.08x + 0.03y = 850$$

$$0.08x + 0.03(12,500 - x) = 850$$

$$0.08x + 375 - 0.03x = 850$$

$$0.05x = 475$$

$$x = 9500$$

$$y = 12500 - 9500$$

$$y = 3000$$

Zachary invested \$9500 into World Oil, and \$3000 into Sask Power.

$$t = \frac{d}{v}$$

- d) A cyclist leaves home at 9:00 a.m. to ride to his friend's house 8 km away. He cycles at 12 km/h until he has a flat tire. He then walks his bike the rest of the way at 2 km/h. He arrives at his friend's house at 10:30 a.m. How far did he have to push his bicycle?

let  $x$  = distance cycled  
 $y$  = distance pushed

Distance:  $x + y = 8 \rightarrow x = 8 - y$

Time:  $\frac{x \cdot 12}{12} + \frac{y \cdot 12}{2} = 1.5 \cdot 12$

$$x + 6y = 18$$

$$9:00 - 10:30 \rightarrow 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ hr or } 1.5 \text{ hours}$$

$$x + 6y = 18$$

$$8 - y + 6y = 18$$

$$8 + 5y = 18$$

$$5y = 10$$

$$y = 2$$

He pushed his bike 2 km.

- e) Kirk ran 100 m along a moving conveyor in 25 seconds, when moving against the conveyor. When running with the conveyor, it takes him 5 seconds to run the same distance. Calculate Kirk's average speed and the conveyor's average speed.

let  $x$  = Kirk's average speed  
 $y$  = conveyor's average speed

Speeds

against conveyor

$$\text{Speed} = \frac{100\text{m}}{25\text{s}} = 4\text{m/s}$$

$$x - y = 4$$

With conveyor

$$\text{Speed} = \frac{100\text{m}}{5\text{s}} = 20\text{m/s}$$

$$x + y = 20$$

$$x - y = 4$$

$$+ (x + y = 20)$$

$$2x = 24$$

$$x = 12$$

$$12 + y = 20$$

$$y = 8$$

Kirk's average speed is 12 m/s, and the conveyor's average speed is 8 m/s.

- f) The sum of two numbers is 7. Three times one of the numbers is 15 more than the other number. Find the numbers.

let  $x$  = 1st #  
 $y$  = 2nd #

$$\begin{array}{l} x+y=7 \\ 3x=y+15 \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} x+y=7 \\ +(3x-y=15) \\ \hline 4x=22 \\ \frac{4x}{4}=\frac{22}{4} \\ x=\frac{11}{2} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{11}{2}+y=7$$

$$\frac{11}{2}+y=\frac{14}{2}$$

$$y=\frac{3}{2}$$

The two numbers are  $\frac{11}{2}$  and  $\frac{3}{2}$ .

- g) Two numbers differ by 5. Four times the smaller number is 5 less than three times the larger. Find the numbers.

let  $x$  = larger #  
 $y$  = smaller #

$$x-y=5 \rightarrow x=5+y$$

$$4y=3x-5$$

$$4y=3(5+y)-5$$

$$4y=15+3y-5$$

$$y=10$$

$$x=5+10$$

$$x=15$$

The two numbers are 15 and 10

- h) Shana has \$1.95 in nickels and dimes. There are three more nickels than dimes. How many of each does she have?

let  $x$  = # of nickels  
 $y$  = # of dimes

$$0.05x+0.10y=1.95$$

$$x-y=3 \rightarrow x=3+y$$

$$0.05(3+y)+0.10y=1.95$$

$$0.15+0.05y+0.10y=1.95$$

$$0.15y=1.8$$

$$y=12$$

$$x-12=3$$

$$x=15$$

There are 15 nickels and 12 dimes

- i) Taylor has \$4.80 in nickels and quarters. She has six more nickels than quarters. How many of each does she have?

let  $x = \#$  of nickels  
 $y = \#$  of quarters

$$0.05x + 0.25y = 4.80$$

$$x - y = 6 \rightarrow x = 6 + y$$

$$0.05(6 + y) + 0.25y = 4.80$$

$$0.3 + 0.05y + 0.25y = 4.80$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -0.3 \\ \hline 0.3y = 4.5 \end{array}$$

$$y = 15$$

$$x = 6 + 15$$

$$x = 21$$

There are 21 nickels and 15 quarters.

### Answer Key:

1. a) (2, 3)                      b) (-3, -5)                      c) (-4, 2)
2. a) no                              b) no                              c) yes                              d) yes
3. a) (2, 7)                      b) (-1, -8)                      c) (-1, 3)                      d) (4, -3)
4. a) (3, 5)                      b) (-1, 3)                      c) (-1, 5)                      d)  $\left(\frac{25}{11}, \frac{20}{22}\right)$
5. a) pens cost \$0.80, pencils cost \$0.50
- b) length = 13 in, width = 6 in
- c) \$9500 in World Oil, \$3000 in Sask Power
- d) 2 km
- e) Kirk's speed = 12 m/s, conveyor's speed = 8 m/s
- f)  $\frac{11}{2}$  and  $\frac{3}{2}$
- g) 15 and 10
- h) 15 nickels, 12 dimes
- i) 21 nickels, 15 quarters