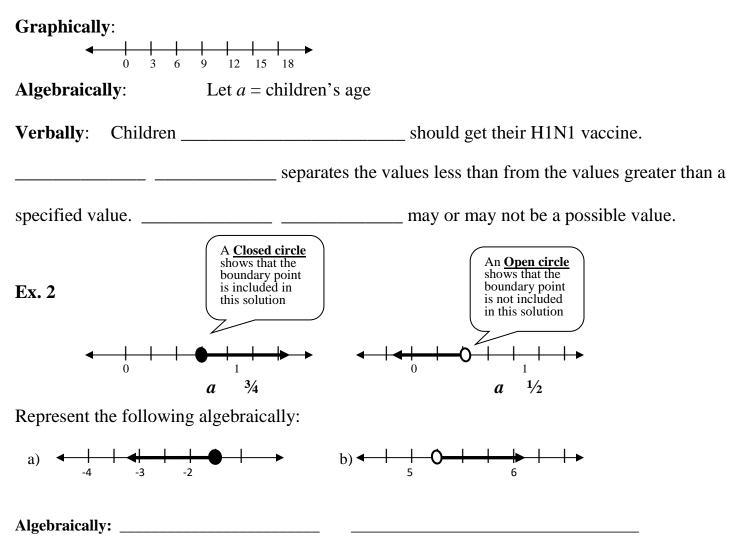
# **Lesson 9.1 Representing Inequalities**

A \_\_\_\_\_ compares linear expressions that may not be equal.  $x \ge -3$  means that x is greater than or equal to -3

Inequality can be expressed \_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and algebraically.

| Inequality    | Meaning                                       |
|---------------|---|
| <i>a&gt;b</i> | <i>a</i> is greater than <i>b</i>             |
| a < b         | <i>a</i> is less than <i>b</i>                |
| $a \ge b$     | <i>a</i> is greater than or equal to <i>b</i> |
| $a \leq b$    | <i>a</i> is less than or equal to <i>b</i>    |
| a≰b           | <i>a</i> is not equal to <i>b</i>             |

**Ex. 1** During the flu season of 2009, children over the age of 6 months are encouraged to receive their H1N1 vaccine.



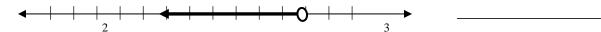
## **Ex. 3**

a) Express the inequality shown on the number line verbally and algebraically.



## Verbally: \_\_\_\_\_

b) Express the inequality shown on the number line algebraically.



- c) Express the inequality  $x \ge -4/7$  verbally \_\_\_\_\_
- d) Express the inequality 35< *n* graphically

#### **Ex. 4 Represent Double Inequalities**

Represent the situation described in the newspaper headline with an inequality. Show it verbally, graphically, and algebraically.

|                | Average Daily Water Use<br>From 327L to 343L Per<br>Person |  |
|----------------|--|--|
| Verbally:      |  |  |
| Algebraically: |  |  |

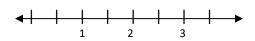
 $\blacksquare$ 

### 9.2 Solving Single-Step Inequalities

• The solution to an inequality is the value or values that makes the inequality true.

Ex. Solve for 5x > 10:

• A specific solution is any value greater than 2. For example, 2.1, 3, 22.84. The set of all solutions is x > 2. Represent the following graphically and verbally:



You can solve an inequality involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division by isolating the variable.
a) x + 5 ≤ 12
b) 4x ≤ -16

When multiplying or dividing by a negative, you must \_\_\_\_\_\_ the sign.

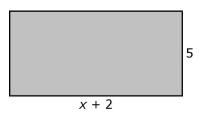
c) 
$$-\frac{1}{4}x \ge 3$$
 d)  $-2x + 6 \le 14$ 

- To verify the solution to an inequality, substitute possible values into the inequality:
  - 1. Solve for the inequality  $-8x \le 24$
- 2. Substitute the value for the boundary point to check if both sides are equal:
- 3. Substitute a value greater than the boundary point 3 to check that the inequality symbol is correct.

- 4. A balloon company guarantees that at least 18 of the balloons in each package are red. Fifteen percent of the balloons are red. What is the number of balloons in a package?
  - a) Write an inequality to model the situation.
  - b) Solve and verify the inequality.
  - c) Represent your answer verbally and graphically.



5. a) Write and solve an equation to determine the values of *x* that give the rectangle shown an area of no more than 25 square units.

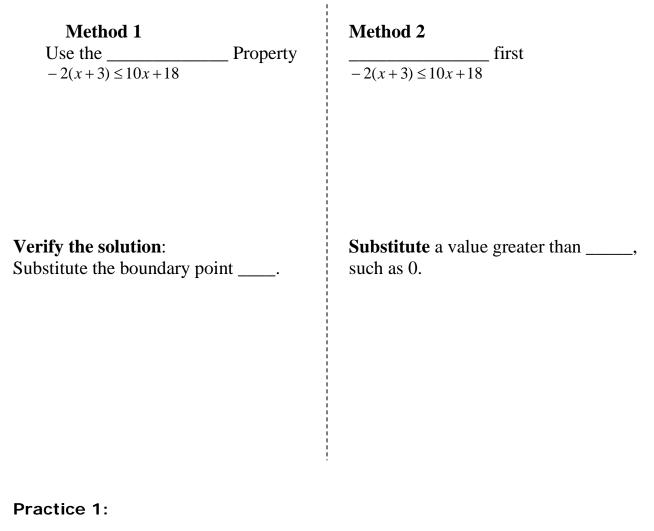


b) Are there values of *x* that would not be possible for the length of the rectangle? Explain.

### Lesson 9.3 Solving Multi-Step Inequalities

There are two ways to solve an equation involving multiple steps.

Ex. Solve  $-2(x+3) \le 10x+18$ , and verify the solution



a)  $\frac{3}{4}x + 8 \le \frac{1}{2}(3x - 5)$  b)  $6(5 - x) \le 7(x - 5)$ 

c) 
$$\frac{1}{2}(3x-4) \ge \frac{2}{3}(2x+3)$$

# **Practice 2:**

Your parents are celebrating their 25th wedding anniversary. They have compared the rates at two banquet halls. Fancy Feast charges \$200 for the hall plus \$30 per person. Beautiful Banquet charges \$400 for the hall plus \$20 per person.

a) Write an inequality to represent the number of people who could attend the celebration at Fancy Feast with a cost of no more than \$2000.

**b**) How many people need to attend to make Beautiful Banquet more cost efficient? Show your work.